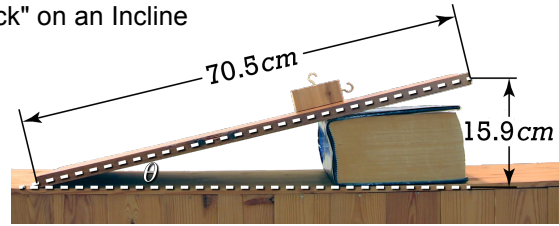


First we need the incline angle:

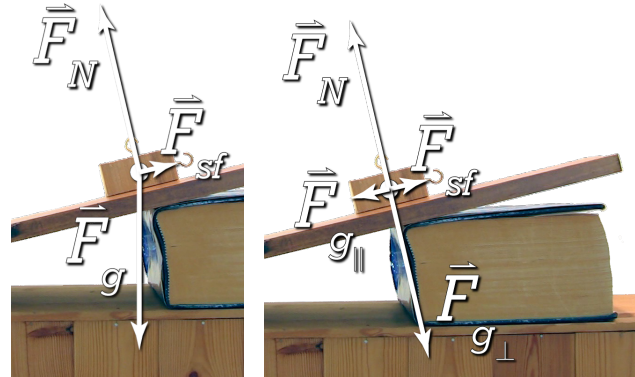
$$\sin \theta = \frac{O}{H} = \frac{15.9 \text{ cm}}{70.5 \text{ cm}} \Rightarrow \theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{15.9}{70.5} \right) = 13.0342^\circ$$



The mass of the block:

$$m_{\text{block}} = 121 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \text{ g}} = 0.121 \text{ kg}$$

- Draw The Free Body Diagram.
- Break the Force of Gravity into its parallel and perpendicular components.
- Redraw the Free Body Diagram.



Newton's Second Law in both directions:

$$\sum F_{\parallel} = F_{sf} - F_{g_{\parallel}} = ma_{\parallel} = m(0) = 0 \Rightarrow F_{sf} = F_{g_{\parallel}} = mg \sin \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{sf} = F_{g_{\parallel}} = (0.121)(9.81) \sin(13.0342) = 0.267709 \approx 0.268 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_{\perp} = F_N - F_{g_{\perp}} = ma_{\perp} = m(0) = 0 \Rightarrow F_N = F_{g_{\perp}} = mg \cos \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow F_N = F_{g_{\perp}} = (0.121)(9.81) \cos(13.0342) = 1.15643 \approx 1.16 \text{ N}$$

The "Magic Trick" math:

$$m_{\parallel} = m \sin \theta = (121) \sin(13.0342) = 27.2894 \approx 27.3 \text{ g}$$

$$m_{\perp} = m \cos \theta = (121) \cos(13.0342) = 117.883 \approx 118 \text{ g}$$

The "Floating Block" replaces the Force Normal with Force of Tension 1 and the Force of Static Friction with Force of Tension 2.

