



Flipping Physics Lecture Notes:

2D Conservation of Momentum Example using Air Hockey Discs (known values calculations)

Here are my original calculations from the video. I measured the x and y displacements of both discs for 10 frames right before and after the collision.

Note: \bar{v}_{y_i} means the velocity of the yellow disc initial in the y-direction. I know it's a little bit confusing, but, if you have chosen to look at the "known value calculations", I think you can handle it.

$$\Delta t_{all} = 10 \text{ frames} \times \frac{1 \text{ sec}}{240 \text{ frames}} = 0.041\bar{6} \text{ sec}; \bar{v}_{y_i} = 0$$

$$\bar{v}_{y_x} = \frac{\Delta x_{y_i}}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_{y2} - x_{y1}}{\Delta t} = \frac{12.1 \text{ cm} - 10.7 \text{ cm}}{0.041\bar{6} \text{ sec}} = 33.6 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\bar{v}_{y_x} = \frac{x_{y2} - x_{y1}}{\Delta t} = \frac{10.5 - 10.3}{0.041\bar{6}} = 4.8 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\bar{v}_{y_y} = \frac{y_{y2} - y_{y1}}{\Delta t} = \frac{17.0 - 17.4}{0.041\bar{6}} = -9.6 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \Rightarrow v_{yf}^2 = v_{yf_x}^2 + v_{yf_y}^2 \Rightarrow v_{yf} = \sqrt{v_{yf_x}^2 + v_{yf_y}^2} = \sqrt{4.8^2 + (-9.6)^2} = 10.7331 \approx 10.7 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\tan_{yf} = \frac{O}{A} = \frac{v_{yf_y}}{v_{yf_x}} \Rightarrow \theta_{yf} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{v_{yf_y}}{v_{yf_x}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{-9.6}{4.8} \right) = -63.435 \approx -63.4^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{v}_{yf} \approx 10.7 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}} @ 63.4^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

$$\bar{v}_{rf_x} = \frac{x_{r2} - x_{r1}}{\Delta t} = \frac{15.0 - 13.7}{0.041\bar{6}} = 31.2 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\bar{v}_{rf_y} = \frac{y_{r2} - y_{r1}}{\Delta t} = \frac{15.2 - 14.9}{0.041\bar{6}} = 7.2 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \Rightarrow v_{rf}^2 = v_{rf_x}^2 + v_{rf_y}^2 \Rightarrow v_{rf} = \sqrt{v_{rf_x}^2 + v_{rf_y}^2} = \sqrt{31.2^2 + 7.2^2} = 32.0999 \approx 32.0 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\tan_{rf} = \frac{O}{A} = \frac{v_{rf_y}}{v_{rf_x}} \Rightarrow \theta_{rf} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{v_{rf_y}}{v_{rf_x}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{7.2}{31.2} \right) = 12.995 \approx 13.0^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{v}_{rf} \approx 32.0 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}} @ 13.0^\circ \text{ N of E}$$